

VON ARNIM'S TRIAL.

Prussian Police Prosecution of the Free Press of America.

HERALD TELEGRAMS IN COURT.

Has Bismarck Violated the Sanctity of the Mail?

The "Mysterious Influence" in Berlin.

High Treason to Publish the Missing Documents.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE HERALD BY CABLE.]

BERLIN, Dec. 13, 1874.

The trial of Count Von Arnim has developed an interesting and very important issue, in the effort made on the part of the Crown Prosecutor to implicate the free press of America in the serious complication between Prince Bismarck and the ex-Minister of the Empire.

TELEGRAPH SPIES.

Already several references have been made in Court to telegrams which the HERALD correspondent in the German capital forwarded to London for transmission by cable to New York.

POLICE SURVEILLANCE OF THE FREE PRESS OF AMERICA.

One telegram, partly in cipher, which was read in Court, stated that important letters had been mailed for the London office of the HERALD. This was taken to imply a connivance on the part of the servants of the Hotel Rome, and detectives were examined to testify concerning the personal movements of the HERALD correspondent, who was, apparently, under police surveillance during the entire period of his stay in the city.

VON ARNIM'S TESTIMONY.

Count Von Arnim, when examined upon these points by the Judge, denied having any knowledge of the telegram. He declared also that he is unacquainted with the name of the HERALD correspondent.

HAS BISMARCK VIOLATED THE NATIONAL POST OFFICE?

The Frankfurt Zeitung reports that one of the letters of your correspondent has been read in Court. If this be correct, the letter was intercepted by the Prussian police.

A DETERMINATE RESOLVE OF THE PRINCE CHANCELLOR.

Private information says that Bismarck will spare no trouble or expense in order to know the existing relations of the HERALD to Von Arnim.

THE PENALTY OF HIGH TREASON AGAINST NEWSPAPER PUBLICATION.

The Court trying Count Von Arnim was in secret session two hours yesterday, when the most important of the documents—which have been withheld from the public—were read.

The prosecution gave warning that any person who published or caused to be published these documents would be considered guilty of high treason.

THE LEGAL ARGUMENT.

Baron Holstein will testify on Monday morning, and the counsel will begin their arguments in the afternoon.

WAITING FOR THE VERDICT.

The verdict will probably be postponed until next week.

STANLEY IN AFRICA.

The American Explorer Marching Forward in the Footsteps of Livingstone.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE HERALD BY CABLE.]

LONDON, Dec. 13, 1874.

Mr. H. M. Stanley, the American explorer in Africa, left Zanzibar on the 15th of November for Bagamoyo, on the mainland, whence he will make up his caravan for departure on his great errand of discovery.

GERMANY.

Parliamentary Privilege Vindicated Against the Sudden Arrest of Members.

BERLIN, Dec. 13, 1874.

In the Reichstag, yesterday, Herr Lasker called attention to the arrest of Herr Majunke, a member of that body, and moved that the Committee on Standing Orders report as soon as possible if arrests of deputies during the session are admissible, and if so, how they can eventually be avoided.

The motion was unanimously adopted. The Committee subsequently decided that the arrest of Herr Majunke was inadmissible, and recommended that the Reichstag demand his immediate liberation.

A MINISTER ADVISORY ABOUT TO RESIGN.

The Minister of Justice, Dr. Leonhardt, intends to resign on account of ill health.

FRANCE AND AMERICA.

Democratic Homage to the Memory of Lafayette.

PARIS, Dec. 13, 1874.

At a meeting of the Deputies of the Left to-day an address to M. Oscar de Lafayette was adopted congratulating him on the flattering communications received from the citizens of the United States.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

LONDON, Dec. 13, 1874.

A despatch from Montevideo dated the 9th inst., says the intervention in the Argentine States is more considered at an end.

SPAIN.

General Loma Said to Have Died of His Wounds.

LONDON, Dec. 13, 1874.

The correspondent of the Daily News at Bayonne telegraphs a report in circulation there that General Loma has died of wounds received in the last battle with the Carlists; but despatches from San Sebastian, the General's headquarters, leave the report unconfirmed.

Telegrams from Carlist sources assert that he was killed on the field.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, Dec. 13, 1874.

Parliament will be assembled on the 6th of February.

Bishop Colenso Under the Ban.

LONDON, Dec. 14—5:30 A. M.

The Bishop of London has prohibited Bishop Colenso from preaching in this diocese.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13, 1874.

Needful Improvement of the Mississippi's Mouth.—The Jetty System Commenced.—The Ruined Levees and Danger of Depopulation.

The commission sent to Europe to examine the jetty system at the mouth of the Danube and other rivers, with a view to ascertain whether it could be adopted in deepening the mouth of the Mississippi, are now at Southwest Pass and have carefully examined the delta of the river before beginning their report. It is understood that both General Comstock and Wright are of the opinion that the jetty system is impracticable for the Mississippi and that the Fort St. Philip Canal, the route of which is also being examined by another commission, is the only way to avoid the mud lump blockade which has so seriously interfered with the commerce of the river.

The commission, consisting of three officers of the Engineer Corps and two civil engineers, of whom General Warren is president, appointed by the President to report upon the best method for improving the levees of the Mississippi River and reclaiming the lands, have finished their labors and will be ready to report in a few days. The commission are unanimous in the opinion that the government should begin at once a comprehensive system of rebuilding and improving the levees bordering on the States of Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana, as otherwise the crevasses caused by the floods of last spring will expose the inhabitants of the submerged districts to more serious troubles than they have yet experienced and utterly impoverish the people of what has been and ought to be a prosperous and productive section of the country. The report will be submitted to the President, and by him, it is said, it will be sent to Congress with an urgent recommendation that Congress authorize the Engineer Corps to proceed with the work and make for it a liberal appropriation.

Judge Swayne Not to Resign from the Supreme Bench.—Secretary Bristow Unhindered by the Judicial Ermine.—The Cattell Case.

Judge Swayne, of the United States Supreme Court, authorizes a denial of the report of his intended resignation. His health is good and his mind vigorous, and he does not feel the need of rest. There is some reason to believe that persons anxious to get Mr. Bristow out of the Treasury, and thinking it possible to persuade him to accept a place on the Supreme Bench, were the authors of the report of Judge Swayne's resignation. The report will be submitted to the President, and by him, it is said, it will be sent to Congress with an urgent recommendation that Congress authorize the Engineer Corps to proceed with the work and make for it a liberal appropriation.

The Special Committee on Louisiana Affairs.—The Coming Investigation.

The House will to-morrow be called upon to decide whether the special committee to investigate the condition of affairs in Louisiana shall go down to New Orleans or hear evidence here. The selection of the members of the committee will depend somewhat upon the question of whether they are to remain here or go to search for the truth upon the scene.

Wanted.—A "Supervising Architect."

John McArthur, of Philadelphia, who was Secretary of the Board of Supervising Architects, arrived here last night, and will to-morrow decline the nomination offered him. Mr. McArthur does not, upon examination, find the place of sufficient importance to induce him to give up his present business in Philadelphia. It is understood that Mr. Walsh, of St. Louis, now superintending the construction of the new Post Office building in that city, will be offered the position and will accept.

The District of Columbia Bill in the Senate.

District of Columbia bill will probably occupy the Senate for the next few days. The bill to create a new form of government, giving the control and management of Washington matters to a Board of Regents, comes up to-morrow. As the report of the committee handed in the first day of the session by Senator Morrill was unanimously agreed to by the members of the committee there is to be no long or partisan discussion over the bill, which is founded on this report. Two or three days at farthest will suffice to perfect the details.

RAMORDED POLITICAL OBJECT OF NEW YORK.

Legislators in Washington.

Messrs. Hatchard, Rusted and Tobey, members of the New York Legislature, are in town. Mr. Tobey says he wishes an appropriation by Congress for a breakwater on Lake Champlain. There is, however, a rumor that the New Yorkers have political designs, and that they would be pleased if the President would consent to help them in New York and at Albany with his patronage to redeem the republican defeat of this fall. The absence of recognized leaders in both the political parties so far is a topic of general remark among those who take interest in the political situation. Neither party as yet accepts any one man as its chief, but the democrats generally repudiate any new converts, and Mr. Mills, of Texas, expressed the common sentiment of his side when he said to some one who suggested that General Banks should be made Speaker, "Well, Banks may sing with us, but he can't lead the choir."

Florida To Have a Democratic Senator.

Advices from Florida indicate that a democratic senator will succeed Senator Gilbert, though the State elected republican Congressmen. Senator Conover leaves here on Monday next for home, to use his influence in securing a republican colleague in the Senate.

A Proposed Bill to Reimburse the Depositors of Their Lost or Stolen Savings Bank.

Mr. Whitworth, of Tennessee, is preparing a bill allowing and ordering suit to be brought against the individual corporations of the Freedman's Bank to make good the losses of depositors by the monstrous and cruel mismanagement of that corporation. Among the incorporators are Peter C. per, William Cullen Bryant and a number of other wealthy New Yorkers and Bostonians, who lent their names to the bank on its establishment and gave it respectability and the confidence of the depositors. In Washington a very great number of colored working men and women have lost money by the failure of this bank. One man of many others of great wealth, whose poor and industrious women have lost all their life's savings.

EXCITED LOUISIANA.

Violence Anticipated, But Delayed, in New Orleans.

FLIGHT FROM THE CITY PREVENTED.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 13, 1874.

After all the preparations made for attack on the State House, none was made. But the scare is not yet over. There were men on the watch to prevent any members of the Returning Board from leaving the city before proclaiming the result. They had such an intention they abandoned it, as they had a secret Sunday session to-day. They expect an attack on the State House is inevitable, as the radicals are all at home tonight, and if violence were intended for them the mob would go to their houses. The leaguers ridicule the idea of charging upon the empty Capitol or hunting any of the obnoxious men before January.

McNery to-day declares that the people will not do it, and if the pent-up torrent of indignation gets vent by lynching, within a day or two, it will be done by men for whose actions he and his party cannot be held responsible.

It will certainly not be done by the leaguers. The fact that the streets, which every day Sunday are crowded by young men, to-day are almost entirely deserted, is ominous of some mysterious work. It is believed that they are congregated in halls, making some preparations of a secret character.

Citizen Sentinels Guarding the Outlets of the City to Prevent the Flight of the Returning Board.—A Popular Coup Expected.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 13, 1874.

The mystery attending the absence from the street of the White Leaguers is explained by the fact that to-night two companies went to the Jackson Railroad depot and scrutinized all the passengers and examined all the baggage to see that the members of the Returning Board do not escape with the returns. All the steamers were searched as well, and to-night patrols are watching all the roads and ferries leading from the city. It is rumored that the people will to-morrow seize Monrovia, the newly elected State Treasurer, although the Board has not yet promulgated the vote.

All the troops are to-night confined to their quarters in anticipation of trouble. There are very few men on the streets at this writing. No trouble may occur later.

Apprehensions of Trouble in Washington.—The Policy of the White Leaguers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13, 1874.

The Louisiana men in Washington express great apprehensions of the action of the White League, and profess to believe that this organization will move, when it does, with such rapidity and secrecy as to outwit the federal troops. At the same time it is reported of the White Leaguers that they are determined to come into no conflict with the federal authorities, and that, however strong they may be, or however determined to act, a single word from the President or the Secretary of War will cause them to retreat. They mean to protest, but to avoid rebellion, and as the right to bear arms and to freely meet in public assemblies is sacred, if they act up to their promises they may annoy Kellogg and his party without laying themselves open to interference.

COUNTERFEITERS CAUGHT.

More of the Ballard Gang of Operators Captured.—Regions in Pennsylvania Flooded with False Money.

ERIE, Pa., Dec. 13, 1874.

Gilbert B. Perkins, an operator of the United States Secret Service Bureau, arrested and brought to this city to-day two "boppers" of the "quer," named Benjamin F. Erway, of Harrison Valley, Potter county, this State, and Nathan B. Adams, of Corbush, same county, on a charge of passing counterfeit money. The fact of their operations was in Potter county, where there are no banks within twenty-five miles of the scene of their work. So much of the "quer" got about that it may be called the currency of the place. All the bills "shoved" were finely executed. They were counterfeit tens on the Trader's National Bank of Syracuse, New York.

Perkins got on the track of Erway at Fort Erie, when he was hunting the Ballard gang, but, having larger game in view, did not arrest him. He was secured in Potter county. Adams was arrested in McKean county, in this State. Perkins captured him, his only clue being a description, both men are supposed to belong to the Ballard gang of counterfeiters, all the bills being identical as being made by that prince of counterfeiters, Tom Ballard. The men are lodged here in jail, and will have a hearing before United States Commissioner John C. Treadwell, yesterday evening, when named Elmer M. Jones, was arrested at Wellsville, N. Y., by Perkins, who is probably of the same gang, as all the bills were taken by a sub or the bank as above. He is at Buffalo under \$2,000 bail.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

Murder Followed by Suicide in Charlestown, Boston.—The Bodies Found in Death and Solitude, with Throats Cut.

BOSTON, Dec. 13, 1874.

A terrible double tragedy was enacted this afternoon at Charlestown, by William H. Jones, of Somerville, killing Mrs. O. R. Barry, at her residence, No. 36 School street, Charlestown, and immediately afterward cutting his own throat. Jones was married and had grown up children, and the two families were very intimate and considered highly respectable.

The deed was doubtless premeditated, as it was done with a razor which he had taken with him from his home in Somerville. There were no witnesses to the terrible affair, the balance of the Barry family being at school, the bodies were found about half past three o'clock by a sub or the murdered woman. They were lying upon the floor about four feet apart, each with the throat cut. No cause is assigned for the deed.

A MISSISSIPPI STEAMBOAT SUNK.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 1, 1874.

The steamboat Bessier was sunk at the Upper Falls, near Alexandria, on the 10th inst. Her cargo, consisting of 500 bales of cotton, will be saved, but the boat, valued at \$5,000, will be a total loss.

HORRIBLE INFANTICIDE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

MANCHESTER, Dec. 13, 1874.

A horrible case of infanticide occurred here yesterday. Hattie Beaman, a servant girl, decapitated with a pair of shears an illicit child she had given birth to.

DARING BURGLARY IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Dec. 13, 1874.

At an early hour this morning the residence of Mr. E. J. Nagle, in East Boston, was entered by burglars, and stocks and bonds to the amount of \$3,300, together with clothing, &c., to the value of \$300 carried off. There is no clue to the burglars.

ARREST OF A BANK ROBBER.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 13, 1874.

A man, supposed to be J. C. White, the leader in the Corinth Bank robbery, was arrested at Helena, Ark., yesterday. Persons from Corinth passed through here to-day en route to Helena to identify him.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A PRIEST.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Dec. 13, 1874.

The Rev. F. E. O'Keefe, a Catholic priest, from Avon Springs, died suddenly last night, at the residence of a relative, in this place. He had but recently returned from Europe.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS IN MAINE.

The Supreme Court Denies Her Every Office in the Constitution.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 13, 1874.

The Supreme Court has decided that women cannot hold the office of Justice or the Peace or any other office mentioned in the constitution; but that the Legislature may authorize women to hold any office created by that body.

PRINTING CLOTH MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 13, 1874.

The printing cloth market was dull and inactive to-day, and the prices were generally lower than last week. The market for book cloth was also dull, and the prices were generally lower than last week.

THE HAWAIIAN KING.

Condition of His Majesty's Health.

THE ROYAL RECEPTION POSTPONED.

Official Condolences Tendered Him Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13, 1874.

King Kalakaua was so ill to-day that he kept his bed almost all the time. He was able, however, to leave his chamber and go to his private parlor, where he remained about five minutes, when he was attacked by the cough which is a symptom of his illness, and was obliged to return to his couch.

HIS CONDITION AND ALLIEMENT.

Dr. Turner, of the navy, who is now his attending physician, made a thorough examination of his lungs to-day, as some anxiety had been felt by his intimate attendants lest the disease should have secured a firm and dangerous hold upon his system. They were gratified, therefore, to learn that the naval surgeon found them to be in a perfectly sound condition. On the long journey from the Pacific to the Atlantic his Majesty caught a severe cold, from the effect of which he is now suffering, having contracted a very aggravated soreness of the throat.

SOCIAL FORMALITIES POSTPONED.

It had been intended by the President to call for him and take him to church, but this project had, of course, to be given up, as his Majesty was still so much indisposed. It is not probable this evening that he will be able to make his intended call on the President to-morrow morning, and the evening reception has already been postponed.

HIS MAJESTY'S ETIQUETTE.

The President graciously sent the King at ease to-day by sending him a message by Secretary Fish that if the King remained too ill to-morrow to go out the President would waive ceremony and call upon him at the Arlington. The King, however, preferred to observe the strict etiquette by making the first call himself.

THE SECRETARY'S COMPLIMENTS.

The Secretary also conveyed to the King an expression of his own sympathy with his affliction, and a hope that he would soon recover his accustomed health.

HOPES FOR TO-MORROW.

Dr. Turner to-day stated that the royal visitor might be well enough for presentation to the President to-morrow, but did not think it advisable that he should undergo any other fatiguing exertion on the same day.

THE ENTERTAINMENT OF HIS MAJESTY.

The arrangement of the programme for the entertainment of His Majesty will now depend entirely upon the state of his health. It is His Majesty's intention, while in this country, to wear in public simply a plain citizen's dress of black, and on official visits probably the stars of two foreign orders of which he is a member. The two Governors, Dominis and Kapena, will, however, on official visits, appear in the rather gorgeous uniform which the Scotchman Wylie invented for the island dignitaries.

HIS FUTURE MOVEMENTS.

The King will spend about ten days in Washington, but he has not yet determined what city he will visit after departing hence.

FATAL GAS EXPLOSION IN ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 13, 1874.

A large iron tank in the purifying house of the St. Louis Gaslight Company exploded this afternoon, instantly killing Thomas Pratt, chief engineer of the works. Mr. Pratt had gone into the purifying house to examine the tanks, they not having worked satisfactorily for a day or two, and it is supposed he lit a match to ascertain whether pure or impure gas was passing out of the tank. The explosion followed with the force of a bomb, and the tank was blown to pieces. Mr. Pratt was an old resident and a man of large wealth.

A FATAL FIRE.

The Flames in Carriage, N. Y., Cause Death and Destruction.

WAGTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 13, 1874.

A fire at Carriage, N. Y., broke out in the lively stable of C. Gates, on Canal street, destroying the stable, with its contents, together with two small tenements east of the stable, and causing the death of an old gentleman, Volney S. Warren, the former proprietor of the stable, with his two children, and his father was asleep in room over the office of the stable at the time the fire broke out. Volney rushed to the balcony on the front of the building, and as flames issued from the windows he ran back to rescue his father and children, but the flames and smoke drove him back on the balcony, when he fell off, breaking his right arm. He was also seriously burned on the arms and legs. The two children got out unhurt, but the father of Mr. Warren, an old man, was burned to death in his bed, his charred bones being found near the fire. The loss is estimated at \$5,000; insured for \$2,000.

INCENDIARY FIRE IN MASSACHUSETTS.

NEWBURYPORT, Dec. 13, 1874.

An incendiary fire to-day destroyed the store of Thurston Coleman. The loss is \$4,000, and is fully insured. Two firemen were seriously hurt.

A CHURCH ON FIRE.

After the close of the services in the Roman Catholic Church of St. Vincent de Paul, North Sixth street, Brooklyn, E. D., last evening, and while some three hundred of the congregation were still within the edifice, flames burst forth from the floor at the front row of pews. Father Farrelly, the rector, at once passed down the aisle and urged the lingering worshippers to clear the church without informing them of the reason for their haste. The flames were quickly extinguished, but the kind priest persistently hastened the clearing of the house and closed the doors. An alarm was then promptly responded to by the Fire Department, who subdued the fire with small loss.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC NOTES.

Brage's big fiddle is in great favor in the West. The Vokes family will probably return to Europe in the spring.

Brigoli was well received in Scotland during his engagement with Mupson's company.

John McCullough's "Virginius" has awakened the enthusiasm of the New Orleans critics.

The "Shaughraun" is the greatest financial success of all Bonicucci's plays. In the first four weeks \$45,470 were taken at the box office.

Two Mexican prima donnas, Mme. Peralta, who appeared at the opening of our Academy of Music, eight or nine years ago, is singing at the Cannobian, Milan.

Messrs. Grau and Chizola have engaged the Park Theatre for the production of "Urolo Grodo," with Mile. Guffroy and MM. Dequerry and Duplan in the cast. It will be put on the boards in January.

Not satisfied with their attention to the Lord Mayor of Dublin, Jarrett & Palmer have secured an acceptance from King Kalakaua of an invitation to visit Booth's Theatre on his arrival in New York. He will be "the hero of the hour."

The "Shaughraun" is on his way back to Australia. This time, however, as a guest, likely to be warmly welcomed. Mr. Charles Wheatleigh is the lucky manager. This is one of the advantages of taking the overland route; one can pick up as he goes. Wheatleigh has come to New York on Monday as ladies of honor. They find their own wardrobe and receive no pay. If a company can be organized on this basis it will be cheap, if not enterprising. Actresses have been known to pay for the privilege of appearing in Paris. A chance for Talma.

Says St. Louis critic:—"The London man can laugh at a joke if he ever laughs—that an American would treat with contempt and call 'thin.' An actor who hopes to amuse an American audience with Jockey humor might as well talk and act before an enthusiastic gathering of Egyptian mummies." And Trolie still lives.

A SUNDAY BARROOM ROW IN WILLIAMSBURG.

Yesterday morning, about nine o'clock, Andrew Schmidt, of No. 288 South Second street, returning from his Saturday night's spree, called in the saloon of Nicholas Puckhaber, on the northeast corner of Broadway and Seventh street, and called for a drink. It was furnished him, whereupon he called for another, which was refused until he paid for the first. Being unable to do so, the bartender, James Bohlmann, aged eighteen years, threw a lager beer mug at him. Schmidt retaliated with a cut of his thumb upon Bohlmann's forehead, and a cut from behind the bar, jumped over the counter, and attacking the head and shoulders, and then threw him into the street. The police, finding him bleeding, entered the saloon and arrested Bohlmann, who is locked up in the Fifth Precinct station house. Schmidt was also placed in confinement—after his wounds were dressed—on a charge of intoxication.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature during the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as recorded at Minnott's Pharmacy, Herald Building, New York:—

1873.	1874.
3 A. M. 45	3:30 P. M. 48
6 A. M. 45	6 P. M. 45
9 A. M. 45	9 P. M. 43
12 M. 45	12 P. M. 34
Average temperature yesterday	54½
last year	43½

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A—For a First Class Dress or Business HAT go direct to the manufacturer, E. SCHENCK, 118 Nassau street.

A Natural, Pure, Dry Sherry \$3 50 Per gallon. 75c per bottle. A specialty: regular lines SHERRY, \$4 75 per bottle. E. S. Kink & Co., 90 Fulton st.

A—10,000 Pairs Overshoes, Self-Acting Overcoat and Fur Trunks, made by the hands and of the New York high buckle overshoe, the lightest and warmest in the world, at BROOKS', 130 Broadway, corner Twenty-ninth street.

A Cheap Luxury—Torrey's Patent WEATHER STRIP, of draught-proofing, saved E. S. & J. TORREY, 160 Fulton street.

A—Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn, corner Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. On Sunday from 10 to 3 P. M.

A Delicous Tobacco and Does Not Bite the tongue—STURGEON'S GOLDEN SCORPION. Depot 110 Nassau street. Try it.

A—Fine Furs at Popular Prices. Robert in variety. Call before purchasing. BUCK, manufacturer, 214 Broadway, Park Bank Building.

A—This Community, With Surprising unanimity, has sent all metal spring blacksmiths to Coventry. FINE ELASTIC TUBES, 181 Broadway, stand-to-day master of the field, none compare with our rubber.

As a Reliable Remedy for Coughs and Colds use PORTER'S BALSAM. Price 25c, 50c, and 75c.

Deal at Knox's in the Purchase of suitable Holiday Gifts, his stock of HATS and FANCY FURS offering a superior opportunity for the selection of presents for the holidays. At No. 312 Broadway and in the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

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